



**NUMBER OF MEPS
TO ELECT IN 2024**

6 / 720

VOTING ANALYSIS ON LGBTIQ+ TEXTS 2019-2024

**VOTING
INDICATOR**



SHOWS HOW THE MEMBERS OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT (MEPS) FROM YOUR COUNTRY VOTED ON KEY LGBTIQ+ TEXTS OVER THE LAST 5 YEARS. A HIGH VOTING INDICATOR DEMONSTRATES A STRONG SUPPORT. THE INDICATOR VARIES FROM -0,5 FOR POLAND TO 8,3 FOR IRELAND.

**COUNTRY
RANKING**

4 / 27

COMPARES YOUR COUNTRY WITH THE OTHER 26 EU MEMBER STATES BASED ON THE VOTING INDICATOR AND THE DISTRIBUTION OF MEPS IN THE VOTING CATEGORIES AS DESCRIBED IN THE FOLLOWING TABLES.

PARTY VOTES ON KEY LGBTIQ+ TEXTS 2019-2024

In this table, the Members of European Parliament (MEPs) for each political party in your country are distributed in five voting categories depending on how they voted on nine key texts regarding the fundamental rights of LGBTIQ+ people. MEPs vote either 'for' or 'against' or they abstain (see next page). The most supportive MEPs who always voted 'for' all the texts are in category 1 while the least supportive MEPs who always voted 'against' all the texts are in category 5. Depending on the number of MEPs in each category, the national political parties are labelled as supportive of (green), unclear about their support to (yellow) or opposed to (red) the fundamental rights of LGBTIQ+ people.

National party under EU political group	1. Only For	2. For or Abstained	3. Mixed voting	4. Abstained or Against	5. Only Against
Left GUE/NGL					
Progressive Party of Working People - Left - New Forces	2				
Socialists & Democrats - S&D					
Democratic Party	1				
Movement for Social Democracy EDEK	1				
European People's Party - EPP					
Democratic Rally	2				
Total	6				

**TO QUEER YOUR EU, VOTE FOR MEP CANDIDATES
FROM THE POLITICAL PARTIES HIGHLIGHTED IN GREEN.**





INDIVIDUAL MEPS VOTES ON KEY LGBTIQ+ TEXTS

The following table shows the individual votes of the Members of European Parliament (MEPs) from your country on the nine key texts regarding the fundamental rights of LGBTIQ+ people adopted by the European Parliament between 2019 and 2024. For each vote, the MEP can vote 'for' the text, 'against' it or they can abstain. If the MEP is absent for the vote, this is registered as a 'no vote'. Based on their votes, each MEP is placed in one of the five voting categories mentioned in the previous table. More information about the nine resolutions adopted can be found in the full report of *Forbidden Colours for the European elections 2024*.

Text submitted to the vote	Date of the vote
1. Resolution on LGBTI people in Uganda	24 October 2019
2. Resolution on hate speech against LGBTI people	18 December 2019
3. Resolution on the EU as an LGBTIQ Freedom Zone	11 March 2021
4. Resolution on the rights of LGBTIQ citizens in Hungary	08 July 2021
5. Resolution on LGBTIQ rights in the EU	14 September 2021
6. Resolution on growing hate crimes against LGBTIQ+ people	20 October 2022
7. Resolution on the universal decriminalisation of homosexuality	18 April 2023
8. Legislative resolution on matters of parenthood	14 December 2023
9. Resolution on the implementation of the EU LGBTIQ Strategy	08 February 2024

Vote coding

■	For
■	Abstained
■	Against
■	No vote - Absent
	Not in function

National Party under EU political group	First Name	Last Name	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Category
Left GUE/NGL												
Progressive Party of Working People - Left - New Forces	Giorgos	GEORGIOU	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	1
	Niyazi	KIZILYÜREK	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	1
Socialists & Democrats - S&D												
Democratic Party	Costas	MAVRIDES	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	1
Movement for Social Democracy EDEK	Demetris	PAPADAKIS	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	1
European People's Party - EPP												
Democratic Rally	Lefteris	CHRISTOFOROU	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	1
	Loucas	FOURLAS	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	1
	Eleni	STAVROU							■	■	■	

